GOGOL STATE UNIVERSITY AT NIZHYN GERMANIC PHILOLOGY DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE E-BOOK

Constructions in present-day English

Thematic section

ART-CONSTRUCTIONS

Immediate constructions (in bold-type) are word combinations with the dependent units on the left and on the right.

<u>Extended constructions</u> (underlined in the examples) include the immediate constructions into an utterance or text.

ART-CONSTRUCTIONS

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*fake / fraud-constructions

Glafira Rosales admitted she **defrauded** two Manhattan art galleries of more than \$30m (£18m) with 63 **fake** art pieces.

She admitted in court that <u>the works of art "were actually</u> <u>fakes</u> created by an individual residing in Queens".

The artist who painted the **fakes**, 73-year-old Pei-Shen Qian, won't be charged and has returned to his native China, prosecutors said.

NY art dealer admits to multi-million dollar art fraud.

A New York art dealer has pleaded guilty to being involved in a 15-year multi-million dollar art fraud.

Rosales pleaded guilty to nine charges including wire **fraud**, tax **fraud** and money laundering.

However, the deal also stated <u>prosecutors promise not to bring charges related to further crimes including a **fraudulent** marriage between Mexican-born Rosales and a US citizen.</u>

Rosales will be sentenced in March and prosecutors say <u>more people will be</u> charged in the art fraud case.

http://www.bbc.com/news/entertainment-arts-24124107

*founder-constructions

The answer is that he was expressing his version of an idea that had become fairly common by the middle of the 20th Century: that <u>Turner was an important **forerunner**</u> of modern **art**.

<u>JMW Turner's luminous, shimmering paintings</u> shocked the Victorians— and **paved the way for** 20th Century art.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20140915-how-turner-set-painting-free

Yet for Van Heugten, the time that Van Gogh spent in the Borinage was crucial for his development as an artist, because it **laid foundations** upon which he could build as a painter.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20150127-the-decision-that-changed-art

*influence and fame-constructions

The work seemed to speak of the spirit of a new America, one that thoroughly embraced the consumer culture of the new decade.

Before the end of the year <u>Campbell's Soup Cans</u> was so <u>on-trend</u> that Manhattan socialites were wearing soup can-printed dresses to high-society events.

Now, the Museum of Modern Art (MoMA) in New York is exhibiting the Campbell's Soup Cans in a manner that **confirms its ongoing relevance**.

<u>Campbell's Soup Cans</u> was <u>the breakout piece that **gained** Warhol **widespread fame** after spending most of the 1950s working as a graphic artist in advertising.</u>

<u>It was</u> unique, groundbreaking and <u>set to <u>change</u> <u>design <u>radically</u>.</u></u>

The impact of doing fashion the Warhol – and later the Campbell's – way **had a ripple effect on** the rest of the industry.

Andy Warhol's Campbell's Soup Cans was mocked when first exhibited – but the work went on to have a lasting impact not only on the history of art, but on the way we dress, writes Sara McCorquodale.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20150427-soup-cans-that-changed-fashion

As an independent artist, not a court artist, <u>he had to make more of an effort to **put** himself **on the map**.</u>

For Betsy Wieseman, curator of the National Gallery's exhibition, which will feature six self-portraits, the combination of unflinching scrutiny and swashbuckling technique **make** Rembrandt's self-portraiture particularly **memorable**.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20141009-did-rembrandt-invent-the-selfie

Despite financial problems and a complex personal life, <u>Rembrandt **pushed**</u> <u>artistic **boundaries** throughout his whole life, such as in 1667's The Jewish Bride.</u>

http://www.bbc.co.uk/guides/zgf2mp3

*overseas & domestic visitors-constructions

But look beneath the surface and a slightly different picture emerges. <u>Much of the boom in attendance is actually being driven</u> <u>by overseas tourists</u>, with <u>domestic visitors</u> generally growing at a much slower rate.

<u>The Tate has lost around a million **domestic visitors**</u> in the last six years, dropping from a high of 4.5 million in 2008/09 to 3.55 million last year.

Having given the matter some thought, the Tate said its figures fluctuate and that it was unable to account for the high number of **domestic visitors** six years ago.

The gallery said its overall audience had fallen and along with it the number of **domestic visitors** it receives.

Why, though, is it that only the fine art institutions are seeing this marked fall, while The British Museum, V&A and Natural History Museum are enjoying increases in both **domestic and overseas visitors**?

What can the National Gallery and the Tate do to regain those hundreds of thousands of **domestic visitors** that they have lost?

http://www.bbc.com/news/entertainment-arts-31533110

*a pivotal/rock-bottom/crucial moment (time)

In 1878 Van Gogh was a struggling would-be preacher. At his lowest ebb, he began to draw. Alastair Sooke looks back at this **pivotal_moment_** in history.

Yet it was at this **rock-bottom moment** that Van Gogh, now 26, tentatively started to draw.

Yet for Van Heugten, the <u>time that Van Gogh spent in the Borinage was crucial</u> <u>for his development as an artist</u>, because it laid foundations upon which he could build as a painter.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20150127-the-decision-that-changed-art

*profit-constructions

Ever since, it has been in profit.

Paid for by the Basque government, it **generated** enough **revenue** in its first four years to pay back its construction cost.

But more than any other building in this long contested region of northern Spain, it <u>promised</u> to <u>bring</u> not just art and culture but <u>investment</u> and <u>millions of visitors</u> to a seaport city long down on its economic heels.

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20131218-when-the-museum-is-the-art

*subject matter & motif-constructions

After he became an artist, he chose to find his subject matter there.

In addition to this general concern for everyday reality and the rural poor, **particular motifs** that Van Gogh encountered in the Borinage <u>would later feature</u> prominently in his art.

Two of his first drawings are of those cottages, and that <u>motif remained</u> <u>important to him throughout his career</u> – some of his last paintings are of cottages, for instance.

From the early beginnings until his last days, <u>he remained completely **loyal to** a basis of **subject matter** – and this allowed him to go very far in experimenting with style and colour, so that he could become the modern artist we remember today.</u>

http://www.bbc.com/culture/story/20150127-the-decision-that-changed-art